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6. Local governments should give technical advice, medicine, and equipment to agencies so that antiplague inoculations can be given to animals. Veterinarians should be so organized that they can be rushed immediately to areas where there are outbreaks of epidemics.

The decrease of cattle in North Anhwei can be seen clearly by studying the case of Ting-yuan Hsien. In 1949, the hsien had 28,150 head of cattle. By July 1950, sickness, starvation, and the calamities of last winter and spring had resulted in the deaths of 1,691 head. The total number was further decreased by the indiscreet butchering, selling, and stealing of animals. At present, the hsien has only 22,000 head of cattle.

#### RINDERPEST STILL PREVALENT IN KWANGSI -- Canton Nan-fang Jih-pao, 23 May 50

The North Kwangsi Rinderpest-Prevention Unit, organized jointly by the Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Department of Kwangsi University and the Liang-feng Livestock Experimentation Station, completed the inoculations of 13,869 head of cattle in Lin-kuei and Yung-fu hsien from 12 April to 3 May 1950, and made possible the completion of spring plowing without a single rinderpest outbreak. Assuming that each head of cattle can plow and seed 20 mou, the preventive inoculations have assured the plowing of 277,738 mou of land.

The rinderpest epidemic reported at the end of 1949 in Ho Hsien was checked by 25 April 1950. Some 180 head of cattle died from the disease during the period. On 27 April, two veterinarians from a local livestock-protection station inoculated 192 head of cattle in a 24-hour period. Rinderpest epidemics are still ravaging Tung-lien Ts'un, Hsi-nan Ts'un, Ch'eng Hsiang, Pai-sha, Shou-feng, Lung-yang, and Tung-hsi Hsien.

#### RINDERPEST STRIKES HOPEH -- Tientsin Chin-pu Jih-pao, 7 Jul 50

Hsing-t'ai -- Since the beginning of the summer of 1950, rinderpest epidemics have been prevalent in Hsing-t'ai Hsien, and the second and fifth ch'us in Chu-lu Hsien of Hopeh. In one 6-day period, eight cattle deaths were reported in Yu-chia and five in Wang-lu Ts'un. Similar conditions exist in other villages.

#### INOCULATES ANIMALS IN KANSU -- Hong Kong Wen-hui Pao, 4 Jul 50

Sian, 2 July (Hsin-hua) -- A rinderpest outbreak was first reported in January 1950 in Huang-ch'eng-t'ian of Yung-teng Hsien in Kansu. The disease spread into Yung-ch'ang, Wu-wei, Ku-lang, and Shan-tan hsien, and in a one-week period, some 1,000 cattle died from the disease. A 100-man preventive team, with 600,000 cubic centimeters of antirinderpest serum, was sent into the affected areas. The team inoculated 90,000 head in affected areas and 5,000 head of cattle in Wei-yuan Hsien and Lan-chou. The team is planning to inoculate a total of 400,000 head of cattle in the province. To prevent the spread of epizootic diseases, the Kansu Provincial People's government inoculate some 110,000 head of livestock from January to March 1950.

#### PREVENTS ANIMAL LOSSES -- Urumchi Sinkiang Jih-pao, 9 May 50

Urumchi -- The commander of the Sixth Army, PLA, has issued the following directive to subordinate units on preventing deaths of animals due to negligence, weather, and lack of fodder: Sow clover seed; maintain proper temperature and cleanliness in stables; do not feed animals immediately after work, give water one hour after feeding; feed salt once or twice each month; and prevent the sun's rays from striking the animals directly.

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SUNSTROKE KILLS MUKDEN ANIMALS -- Mukden Tung-pei Jih-pao, 13 Aug 50

Mukden -- A pathological survey made by the Mukden Public Health Bureau has revealed that some 60 cattle died from heat prostration or sunstroke in recent weeks.

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